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Hon. W. J. DURHAM.

In this representative government of ours it is gratifying to any people who have a representative in whom they can implicitly rely; one who is able, industrious and attentive to the wants and interests of his constituents; one who is always actuated and governed by cardinal principles rather than questions of expediency; one who tries to secure the greatest good to the greatest number. Such a representative we have in this district in the person of Judge Durham. We venture the assertion that no people have ever had a more faithful and painstaking representative both as to public and private interests than he. A man of good habits, fine physical constitution, great industry and energy. He was thrown into Congress at one of the most critical times of our history, for the 43d Congress will long be remembered as one of the most eventful since the war. The Force Bill, and the Civil Rights Bill were some of the measures agitated and voted upon at that session. At the Record shows, on all these, Judge Durham took an active part; and time has proven the wisdom of his course with regard to them and other important questions that he has been called to act upon during that and the subsequent Congress. We have read with interest the letters recently written by the aspirants for Senatorial honors, and upon the leading topics they endorse in the main the course taken by Judge Durham in Congress as long before that he was called upon to take the lead in these important matters. It will be borne in mind that he was on the Committee of Banking and Currency, in the 43d Congress, when the famous Resumption Act was before that committee, he opposed it in the committee and in the House, and has advocated its repeal ever since. He was also a member of the Committee of Mines and Mining, in the 44th Congress, and one of the main instruments in preparing the bill to re-monetize silver; and, although Mr. Bland was chairman of the committee, and reported it, Judge Durham mainly prepared the bill in the committee. He has been a firm advocate of retrenchment, economy and reform, and has done much to purify the public service. It will be remembered that during the last Congress, as a member of the Committee on Expenditures in the Department of Justice, he found funds to the extent of half a million dollars a year. The expenditures were reduced to that extent, and the Committee on Appropriations tendered him a vote of thanks for his efforts. His activity in these matters has won for him a high standing in Congress, and he is now a member of the Committee on Appropriations. He does not speak often, but when he does he talks sense. We do not know what his future aspirations are, but we can say he is worthy of, and competent to fill any position in the gift of his district, the State or the legislature of Kentucky. —[Anderson News.]

Scientific Material for Poetry.
When a man goes back to the scenes of his childhood, one of his most curious experiences is that of looking over fences beyond his former range of sight. A fence or hedge once bounded his thoughtless vision in a certain direction, when a boy; now it stretches up and looks over or through and sees how the land lies. Then it is that he discovers that the blacksmith's garden does not open out into infinity, but that it backs up against the shoe-maker's yard. For that vague, yet fixed landscape of the mind, suggested to the youthful gazer, a new one is substituted—surprised and limited. He is disturbed, he has even a feeling of melancholy. It is that one by one the conventions of life are brought into a new view as we grow older. It is thus that science opens itself to imagination. Say what any poet or man of science will, the first effect of science upon imagination, as upon religion, is deadening. Keats was right when he drank "confusion to the memory of Newton." The scientific spirit is opposed to the emotional and imaginative spirit. The poet or the man of religion may recover himself, and be all the stronger and wiser in his poetry and in his faith for the shock and for the broader knowledge; but that there is and must be a shock it is idle to deny.

There is a great deal of nonsense talked about the necessity that the modern poet should gather "material" from scenes. He certainly ought to know all that he can learn in every direction. But when it comes to his poetry he can ignore science, like Keats, or make much of it, like Tennyson. But Keats is the greater poet; not, indeed, because Tennyson's science has hurt him, but simply because the author of "Hyperion" is more of a poet than the author of "In Memoriam."

THE INTERIOR JOURNAL.

VOLUME VI.—NUMBER 45.

STANFORD, KY., FRIDAY, JANUARY 11, 1878.

WHOLE NUMBER 304.

Mrs. ISABELLA L. WALTON.
*A Tribute to our Mother by one who
Knew her from her Infancy*

(From the Richmond "Christian Advocate")

ISABELLA LUTETIA TURNER was

born on the 17th of September, 1825.

While quite a child her parents moved

from Virginia to New Orleans,

La., and soon thereafter both of them died.

She was brought back to Virginia by her relatives—cared for and educated by them. She was blessed

with a most amiable disposition and a

mind susceptible of high culture. As

she grew up she gave evidence of a

bright and useful future. In 1847

she was married to Thomas R. Walton,

a good and true man, whose practical piety and constant zeal for God

doubtless had great influence on her

young and tender mind. In 1848

she professed faith in Christ, and joined

the Methodist Episcopal Church, South,

(of which her husband was a

most worthy member,) and from that

time never quit her hold on Christ,

but with advancing years grew more

earnest in works of faith and love.

The Sabbath School, the class,

the public assembly of the saints, were

all dear to her.

She was ever ready

to give liberally to the support of the

ministry, and to all the institutions of

the Church. She was a most exemplary

Christian. At home, as at

church, her domestic affairs were con-

ducted with a well poised hand.

Her children were taught the important

lessons of parental authority, and she

lived to see the most of them in the

fold of Christ. Sister Walton was

often the subject of deep bodily afflictions,

but amid them all she endured

"as seeing Him who is invisible."

At the residence of her husband, in the

county of Hanover, Va., on the 14th

of April, 1877, she was attacked with

pneumonia, and suffered greatly until

the 12th, when God said, "It is

enough; come up higher." Oh, what

an unspeakable joy it must have been

to her, at the close of life, to look

back on a life of faith and love, and

to look forward to a final rest with

her dear afflicted husband, children,

and all the redeemed in the kingdom of God. She is not dead, but sleeps.

* * * * *

The morning break, and place the shade."

T. R. DUNN.

He Came Back.

Gov. Duval, of Florida, was the son

of a poor Virginian, a stern, strong,

taciturn man. The boy was a huge

youth of fifteen. At the cabin fire,

at bed-time, according to the custom

of putting on a back-log, the old man

said, between the whiffs of his silent

pipe, "Tob, go out and bring in that gun

back-log, and put it on the fire?"

Tob went out and surveyed the log.

He knew it was no use explaining that it was too heavy, nor prudent for him to return without it on his shoulder.

His little sister, passing, was not

surprised that he requested her to

bring out the gun and the powder horn,

as a 'possum or coon might have

seen her signs. She brought the gun

and the gunpowder.

He found the way

through the woods into Kentucky, in

1791. After an absence of eighteen

years he was elected to Congress.

A man of immense size and strength, he

started for Washington, going by the

way of his old home to see the folks

who had long since given him up for dead.

Entering the little cabin door

near bed-time, he saw the identical gun log. He shouldered it, pulled the

latch string, and with his load stood

before the old man, pipe in mouth, as quiet as usual.

"Here is the gun back-log, father."

"Well, you've been a long time get-

ting it—put it on the fire and go to bed," was the reply.—[San Antonio Herald.]

* * * * *

A Mother.

Around the idea of one's mother the

mind of man clings with fond affec-

tion. It is the first dear thought

stamped upon our infant hearts, when

we first soft and capable of receiving the

most profound impressions, and all

the after feelings are more or less light

in comparison. Our passions and our

wilfulness may lead us far from the

object of our filial love; we may be

come wild, bbold, and angry at

her counsels or opposition; but when

death has stilled her monitor voice,

and nothing but calm memory re-

mains to recapitulate her virtues and

good deeds, affection, like a flower

blooming in the sun, and we

know all that we can learn in every

direction. But when it comes to his

poetry he can ignore science, like

Keats, or make much of it, like Tennyson.

But Keats is the greater poet;

not, indeed, because Tennyson's

science has hurt him, but simply be-

cause the author of "Hyperion" is

more of a poet than the author of

"In Memoriam."

A Bad Practice.

The remark is often made by the careless farmer to his wife: "The shower last night has made it wet; I can not do any thing on the farm, so I will go to town to-day." At the same time rank and greedy weeds are growing in that man's corn fields, along his fence rows, and about his barn yards, etc., preparing a copious crop of seed for next year. This wet day is just the time to make war upon them. They will pull up much easier than any other time, and this is the way to operate on them, to cut off with hoe or scythe, they will soon sprout from the stump and produce a crop. Now is the time, when not otherwise employed, to go through the corn fields and pull out any weed which the plow missed, such as cockle burrs, Spanish needles, wild artichokes, and all of the numerous class of milk weeds. Now is the time to trim out the garden fence, along private roads and about the barn yard. You have no business there.

Farmers go to town five times as often as they should, and they can learn more by reading the pages of one good newspaper than by street gossip for three days. When a man has plenty to do at home, but hunts up excuses to go to town, his wife should send him some good paper, with this article in it; and let him go, let it be understood that he goes under protest. But in damp days during harvest, laying or threshing, be sure to destroy weeds, and haul out manure; make some good pig troughs; mow a new singletree in place of the one which was broke; repair gates, so that cattle will not trespass on corn fields, and do a thousand other things needed—but stay away from town.

Any day in the year, if there has no rain to interfere with the regular work on the farm, there is a constant stream of visitors on the road going towards the place where idlers congregate. The regular crops are depleting and robbing our farms of their fertility, without a crop of poisonous weeds being allowed to aid in the exhaustion.

—A quick conversation.

A hard old customer was Badger. He never was known to attend church, and was considered the wickedest man in the small town in which he lived. One night his old cow was prowling about the house seeking what she might devour, and stuck her head in the swill-barrel. By the time the barrel was empty her head was so far in that she could not withdraw it, and she made a blind rush to free herself from the incumbrance.

As luck would have it, she struck a heel-line on the soil which will not heal, and directly to the front door. The old man was sitting inside telling his family all about a great murder trial, when the cow came in through the doorway, which was prolonged by the empty barrel into an unwholesome room. At the same time the front door crashed from its hinges, and the cow, with her uncommon head-gear, bolted into the room. "Old wickedness" gave one agonized look at the swill-barrel, which will forward the message in the original handwriting of the swearer, making more accurate and reliable transmission, also a much more expensive one than is possible under the system used by the Western Union Company. It is guaranteed by the fac simile invention that compared with the present general system, the capacity of a wire can be quadrupled, and this, together with the remarkable improvements in batteries, the development of currents and other cheapening inventions, has lessened the cost of telegraphing to one-tenth of what it was twenty years ago.—[Philadelphia Times.]

How to GET RID OF WARTS.—Warts are very troublesome and disfiguring. The following is a perfect cure that met his eyes happened to be, "the voice of the turtle shall be heard in the land." "Breathing," said he, "at first sight one would not think there was much in this, but on a little consideration, you will see there's a great deal in it. Now you all know what a turtle is. Suddenly his tongue was loosened, and he screamed, "For heaven's sake take Mary! she's better prepared than I am!" Since that eventful night the man has joined an easy-going church, which is one step progressive, and he only swears when he sees old brindle or the swill-barrel.

The Interior Journal.

STANFORD, KY.

Friday Morning, January 11, 1878.

H. P. Walton, Editor.

The Vote for Senator.
A telegram received at this office from Senator Bruce last evening, gives the vote as follows: Williams 51, Lindsey 49, McCleary 20, Boyd 13.

We were in error last week in stating that Seasongood, Netter & Co., of Cincinnati, were connected with the broken bank firm of Netter & Co., New York. The Cincinnati firm, we learn from the gentlemen themselves, has no connection whatever with it. Old man Netter, the father of the boys composing the New York firm, was, up to his death, over three years ago, a partner in the firm of Seasongood, Netter & Co., but at his death his interest ceased and was settled up. Out of respect to the old gentleman, however, his name was still retained in the firm which was to have been taken out the first of this month and the firm changed to Seasongood, Sons & Co.

During the year 1877, according to Dun's Mercantile Agency, there were 166 failures in Kentucky, with liabilities of \$5,854,850, and assets of \$3,028,964. Compared with 1876, the liabilities are about the same, but the assets are over a million dollars less. Sherman smiles at this and still pursues his ruinous policy.

SOMETIMES since a festive youth of Nelson county married his grandmother, and now walks up one T. H. Ellis and gathers in his stepmother. Those Nelson people are getting their marital relations awfully mixed. The next thing we know some nice young man will be wedded to his mother-in-law.

CINCINNATI's share in the earnings, for the first full quarter since the Common Carrier Company took possession is \$75,000. With the road completed to Chattanooga it would seem from this that there may be money in it yet.

The Kentucky Legislature.

The General Assembly of Kentucky met promptly on December 31st, and on the roll being called it was found that only one member was absent. The organization of the House was effected with but little difficulty by the election of Judge E. W. Turner, of Madison, Speaker; T. G. Poore, of Hickman, Clerk; Col. E. Polk Johnson, of the Louisville Evening News, Assistant Clerk; John J. Pursey, of Clark, Sergeant-at-Arms; and Mr. Swango, Door Keeper. In the Senate W. V. Prather, of Harrison, was elected Clerk; Jno. L. Sneed, of Franklin, Assistant Clerk; D. D. Sublett, Magoffin, Sergeant-at-Arms; and B. W. Jenkins, of Louisville, Door Keeper.

JANUARY 1ST.

The Governor's message, a very comprehensive and carefully prepared document was delivered to both bodies, read and referred to appropriate standing committees. One hundred copies of the message for each member were ordered to be printed. In the House J. C. Thompson, of Mercer, offered a joint resolution instructing our Senators and members of Congress to use all their exertions to procure the repeal of the Resumption act and to have the silver dollar remonetized. Mr. Godshaw offered a similar resolution urging on our Representatives in Congress to secure the repeal of the Bankrupt law. They were laid over for one day.

JANUARY 2ND.

In the Senate Mr. Bertram offered a resolution requiring the Auditor to furnish the body with the amount of fees paid to the Circuit Clerk of Jefferson by the State. This was rejected, but a joint resolution offered by Mr. Johnson, instructing the Committee on Judiciary to bring in a bill to equalize the fees of clerks in criminal cases, so that all will get the same compensation for the same services, was adopted. Mr. Cleveland presented a bill authorizing the levying of a dog tax. Lieutenant Governor Underwood then announced the standing committees for the session. Our Senator, J. H. Bruce, is chairman of the Committee on Executive Affairs, a member of the Appropriation Committee, a member on Public Expenditures, and is also on the Committee on Rules. Col. R. J. White, of Madison, is chairman of the Committees on Enrollment, and is on several other committees. In the House Mr. Burford offered a joint resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to use all their exertions to secure a law giving pensions to U. S. soldiers in the Mexican war. Three daily papers were allowed each member during the session. Mr. Everard's resolution to have the Stars and Stripes wave over the capitol during the session, was adopted.

JANUARY 3RD.

A joint resolution was adopted in the Senate directing the Quartermaster General to fire national salutes on the 8th of January and 22nd of February. Mr. Bertram offered a bill looking to a reduction in taxation as there was \$82,394 87 in the State Treasury on the 10th of October. Mr. White offered a petition from citizens of Rockcastle county praying that Jno. W. Kirby may serve another term as assessor of that county if elected. In the House Speaker Turner announced the standing committees. Our representative Jno. S. Owlesy was given the chairmanship of the Committee on Enrollment and the one on Claims and membership in several other committees. Mr. Cowan, of Boyle, offered a bill to incorporate Bell College, of Danville, and another to change the boundary line between Casey and Jessamine. A number of bills were offered asking a repeal of the dog tax law as applied to several counties. Mr. Owlesy presented a bill to change the county line between Lincoln and Casey. A great number of minor bills were presented.

JANUARY 4TH.
A bill was presented in the Senate to declare gold and silver coin a legal tender for the payment of all debts in the State. A committee of eight was appointed to report on an Agricultural and Mechanical College of Kentucky University. In the House the pay of officers was adopted as follows: Chief Clerk, \$10 per day; Assistant Clerk, \$10; Enrolling Clerk, \$8; Sergeant-at-Arms, \$5; Door Keeper, \$5; Clock room keeper, \$4; five pages, \$2.50 each. A joint resolution favoring the Mexican soldiers was adopted. A bill asking a reduction of the tobacco tax, and one soliciting aid from the Federal Government for State rivers, were presented, also bills allowing persons charged with penal and criminal offenses to testify on their own behalf; to repeal the State tax on billiard tables, and to reduce the salaries of State officers except Governor and Judges of Court of Appeals, were offered.

JANUARY 5TH.

In the Senate a bill was presented by Mr. Cleveland to prevent insolvent owners of fine stock to retain out of their lot any work beast of greater value than \$150 or a cow or calf of more than \$50 value. (This will be a good law as short horn men have swindled the people quite enough by retaining always the best stock.) A bill for redistricting the judicial districts of the State, and abolishing all criminal, chancery and common pleas courts except in the counties of Jefferson, Kenton and Campbell and the common pleas court in Lexington, and making the circuit court Lexington the necessary criminal and civil business, was adopted. A bill was presented by Mr. Bertram regulating the time for holding circuit courts in Wayne, Russell and Casey. In the House Mr. Meador introduced a bill to reduce the legal interest to 6 percent. Mr. Oats, one to provide for the sale of the old Wayne courthouse, and Mr. Buford one to improve the dam on the Kentucky river. A great many other bills to amend charters, repeal dog tax, &c., &c., were offered.

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JANUARY 7TH.

In the Senate a bill was introduced for a settlement with the keeper of the Penitentiary, and an election of a warden, who will receive \$2,000 per annum. Mr. J. H. Bruce offered a bill to amend the Civil Code so as to provide the manner of appeal from county to circuit courts. In the House, S. I. M. Major, Public Printer, submitted a statement showing that he had drawn to Jan. 1st, \$51,298 for public printing, and \$9,194 for binding. A great number of minor bills were reported.

JANUARY 8TH.

This being the day fixed by law for the ballot for U. S. Senator, the Senate notified the House at 12 o'clock that it was ready to proceed with the election. Gov. J. B. McCleary, Gen. John S. Williams, Judge Lindsay and Hon. R. D. Boyd (Rep.) were put in nomination. Williams received 14 votes, Lindsey 15, Gov. McCleary 8, and Boyd 1. Mr. Bruce voted for McCleary. In the House similar nominations were made and the vote resulted as follows: Williams 37, Lindsey 34, McCleary 16, Boyd 13. The total for the two houses was Williams 50, Lindsay 49, McCleary 24, and Boyd 14. Messrs. Owen and Mason voted for Williams. Mr. Cowan for Lindsey, Speaker Turner and J. C. Thompson, of Mercer, for McCleary. Adjourned till tomorrow at 10 o'clock.

JANUARY 9TH.

At the adjournment to-day the ballot stood: Williams 51, Lindsey 51, McCleary 21, and Boyd 14.

To the Voters of Lincoln County.

Electors: This is to announce to you

my candidacy for re-election to the office of County Clerk at the next August election. The present term of office will expire on the 1st Monday in September next, at which date, if living, I will have served in this capacity eight years. As to whether I have performed the duties of the position faithfully or satisfactorily, efficiently or insufficiently, you are the only competent judges. If I have so far succeeded in giving satisfaction my fellow citizens by my conduct in office, as in their judgment, to deserve a re-election, I now very earnestly ask of them that favor.

With regard to politics I do not enough to say, that I have always voted the Democratic ticket and held myself subject to party discipline in all respects, and I do not propose to change my political affiliations nor actions in the future.

I offer an excuse for addressing you in this manner, the fact that my bodily affliction will make it impossible for me to travel over the county for the purpose of securing votes, as the custom is, and as it will be my pleasure to do under more fortunate circumstances.

In conclusion let me say, that while a rejection by the people would be a sore disappointment and leave me in quite a helpless condition, yet I might go and shall, in any event, ever remember with unaffected pride and gratitude the confidence and kindness of my constituents towards me as heretofore repeatedly and continually manifested. Very Respectfully,

J. BLAIN,
Stanford, Jan. 11th, 1878.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY NEWS.

Mr. LEONARD.

JANUARY 9TH, 1878.

Mr. Geo. H. Brownlee, the polite and attentive Railroad agent at Lexington, was in town Monday.

We did know how much we appreciated the INTERIOR JOURNAL until we missed getting it last week.

Mr. David Thompson shipped a car load of fat cattle and hogs to Louisville, from this point, this morning.

Miss Elizie Thompson, a handsome young lady from Woodford county, is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Though a little late in doing so, we take advantage of the first opportunity to wish a very happy New Year to the INTERIOR JOURNAL and all its readers.

Edna Southland will preach at this place next Sunday, at 11 o'clock, vesp. We are anxious to preach regularly, the second Sunday in each month throughout the year.

Mr. Edward Thompson presented a bill to change the boundary line between Lincoln and Jessamine. A number of bills were offered asking a repeal of the dog tax law as applied to several counties. Mr. Owlesy presented a bill to change the county line between Lincoln and Casey. A great number of minor bills were presented.

A number of the boys taking advantage of the fine fall of snow, fitted up several sledges, and have been enjoying the fun amazingly. Now would be a good time to repeat Stanton's poem on sleighing.

The members' and ministers' meeting of the Rockcastle Association of United Baptists will be held at the Baptist Church, in broadhead, commencing on Friday before the second Saturday in February, 1878.

If Representative Evans would discern as useless the empty compliment of voting for Goodloe or any other Radical for Senator, and would cast his vote for old "Terrible" Williams, he would do a remarkable service.

If a fellow could just happen to find himself in a community where each individual attended strictly to his own business, and persistently suffered every body else's business to lie alone, don't you "reckon" he would think at once he was in Heaven?

We would be glad to have our friends throughout the country kindly furnish us with the details of any incident worthy of publication, transpiring under their notice. It is our purpose and desire to secure the news from all parts of the country. All that we wish is the coloring to the incident, and your imagination will supply the facts.

Brookhead Lodge, F. & A. M., No. 565, elected the following officers for 1878: Jas. G. Carter, W. M.; H. H. Frith, S. W.; N. D. Wilmoth, J. W.; J. N. Newlin, S.; T. S. Frith, T.; L. B. Carter, S. D.; F. Francisco, J. D.; W. B. Middleton, S. A. T. The regular meetings of this Lodge are held on Saturday nights after the full moon in each month.

It is a little singular to us why more interest is not taken in the Sunday School. The house is comfortable, there are plenty of good teachers, or the material to make them, and it is pleasant space to spend an hour or two. Parents should see that their children go, and they should themselves go.

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The Interior Journal.

STANFORD, K.Y.

Friday Morning, January 11, 1877.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Buy your Block Coal from Smith & Miller.

Go to Smith & Miller for Freshysters; they always keep them.

Powder and Shot, Caps and Wads for shot Anderson & McRoberts.

Cake, and settle your accounts immediately.

I have for sale Fifty Tons of baled hay of a superior quality.

John Hunter.

The dissolution of the firm of Bolon & Stagg demands that all indebted shall promptly come forward and settle. Terms at 5%.

A beautiful assortment of the latest style Visiting Cards just received at the office Twenty-five with your name printed on them for 25 cents.

Harry the man who is son of debt, but much happier the man who wears one of Julius Winter & Co.'s best suits of clothes and has paid for it.

Smith & Miller's is the place to get a fresh Turkey, Birds, Puddings, &c. They sell them at a fair margin, and hence they are generally supplied.

All persons indebted to us either for note or otherwise will please call and settle without delay, as we need the money.

Anderson & McRoberts.

Mrs. L. Anderson wishes her friends and patrons to know that she keeps at all times new and fashionable Millinery Goods. Her place of business can be found by her sign "Millinery and Dress Making."

Very few old men with more money than brains, also those having less money than brains, can be found in the Clothing stores of Julius Winter & Co., South East corner 5th and Market Streets, Louisville, Ky.

Notice is hereby given to all who are indebted to us either for note or account that unless payment is made before the 1st January next, we will place them in the hands of an officer for collection.

Dec. 15th, 1876.

Stanford & Miller.

A THIRSTY HUNGRY.—In our style of eating, no sudden changes of temperature—rain, wind and sun often intervening in a single day—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglectful colds, half the results resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Souther's Tonic, a drop of which will be an immediate cure will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill, and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hernia, Phthisis, Severe Cough, Croup or any disease of the Throat or Lungs, its success is really wonderful, as you may imagine well tell you. Remedy Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for trial, 10 cents, regular size, 75 cents.

W. W. VINEYARD.—Frank Leslie's Sunday Magazine for February. This No. is like unto a basket of choice fruit, beautiful to the eye, and filled with good things. It will sustain the universal reputation in which this favorite publication is held. The literature with which its 128 pages are filled, brightened with 100 beautiful engravings, is in a most select, enterprising and instructive class. We trust our readers will be pleased to buy some of our readers, old or young, grave, gay, or religious, to declare themselves disappointed or dissatisfied with the literary banquet spread before them here. Articles on a variety of timely subjects; beautiful stories touching on pleasant themes; notes of French, rich Poems; Picturesque scenes; History and Sketches; a "Home Life"; Religious Topics and Essays; Anecdotes of Interesting Subjects; Natural History; Fan, and so forth, in great variety. This publication is Mr. Frank Leslie's masterpiece and reflects the highest credit on both himself as the publisher, and Dr. J. S. Editors of the Magazine. It is a popular companion to every family in the country, being the most easily condensed and cheapest Sunday Magazine published in the world. It can be obtained for one year for \$3, or single copies 25 cents, postpaid. Now is the time to subscribe. In doing so, under your subscription to commence with the January copy, which is the first number of the new volume. Address, Frank Leslie, 537 Pearl Street, New York.

LOCAL NEWS.

WEARIN & EVANS sell a good two-horse wagon with bed and brake, for \$70.

It was John A. and not Tom Newland, that assisted in the arrest of Sam Holmes.

ON'T LOUD.—The misery is coming at last. The Murphys will be here next week.

A. A. WARREN is agent here for the Singer, the best Sewing Machine made. Samples on hand at the P. O.

THE REWARD.—We received on Wednesday the \$500 reward offered by the State of Indiana, and the boys are very happy over it.

Mr. F. J. ANTHONY was called to New Albany, Ind., last Saturday night by a telegram announcing the sudden death of his father from heart disease. He was 50 odd years old.

ASYLUM.—Joe Jones and the man Evans, who were arrested in the statement of Marshall implicating them in various robberies were tried before Judge Taylor. The three Kennedy trial ended as we predicted, in a hung jury. Our hopes now, is that at this second trial the jury will be acquitted. Those kind of cases never fail to run that way.

SIXTEEN.—Wm. Gandy, a 10 year old boy was shot and killed by Tom Burnett, another colored boy last week. At the examining trial Burnett was sent on, and not being able to give the \$500 bail is now in jail.

Mr. E. H. HAYDEN, of the firm of Hayden & Dunn, at Lancaster, informs us that he is pleased with the business done there during the past year, and the firm has agreed to continue the business for another year.

My customers would do me a great favor by calling and settling their accounts. I am compelled to have money to carry on my business, and I hope every person indebted to me will respond to my request.

J. N. DAVIS.

FOURTH BITTEN.—Mr. R. E. Barrow was severely frost bitten and had his hands, on Saturday last, he was confined to his room for several days. A number of other people suffered also from the intense cold, but we hear of none seriously hurt.

MARSH.—Near Lancaster, Texas, on the 3d inst., at the residence of the bride's father, S. W. Hatter, Miss Salie P. Hatter, lately of Casey County, Ky., to Mr. George E. Cooley, lately of Missouri. Also on the same day, Mr. W. H. Hatter to Miss Amanda Boyer, of Rockwell County, Texas.

THANKS.—We are gratefully indebted for kind words, to Emmett Logan, of the *Courier-Journal*, Dr. Ed. Aleson, of the Danville *Advertiser*, the Editor of the Frankfort *Commonwealth*, and a number of others, for which we bow our humble thanks.

TUE LOCAL.—Those enterprising young gentlemen, Moses, Boyle & Nichols, have changed the *Student* which was issued twice a month to the "Weekly Local." It is a No. 1, little sheet, and the editors ought, and no doubt will be generously patronized by the Davyillians.

THE PIONEERS now view the snow clad street through the base of our miserable hill. Three are charged with murder and the others with stealing. Besides these, Lincoln county is represented by two gentlemen charged with murder in the Louisville jail, and one with stealing in the Edinburgh jail. Judge Osley will have his hands full in April.

THE CENTRAL KENTUCKY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION will meet next Wednesday, 10th, in Danville, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Dr. Cowan, of that place will read the opening paper on *Abortion, its cause and treatment*. The Anatomy demonstration on *Inguinal Hernia*, will be made by Dr. McMurry, of Danville. The regular election of officers will be held at this meeting.

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MARKET.—The following marriage licenses have been issued by our County Clerk since January 1st. David O.

Ballard to Miss Madeline Hutchings; Jas. Chappell, of Rockcastle, to Miss Eliza Delaney; James Melvin to Miss Lizzie Stephen; A. B. Surber, of Pulaski, to Miss Mary Brown; Alanson McKenzie to Miss Mary Brown; and John H. Howman to Miss Martha Leach.

THE RACE COURSE.—Judge Burbridge convened his court here on Monday last and went right into his dock of 46 Common Law cases (old), 30 Common Law Appeals; 72 Equity cases (old) and 35 Equity Appeals. Standing Jure are as follows: T. C. Coffey, J. J. Mobley, C. M. Portman, Luther Underwood, J. J. Dye, Wm. Logan, Perry Land, G. A. Lankey, Geo. Biffe, Jr., P. L. Simons, J. P. Biddle, Luther Withers, H. J. Jones, Nat. Stanridge, E. B. Beasley, H. S. Withers, George Bright, F. M. Youell, J. M. Hall, E. Carter, Holt, McAllister, Joe Slope, O. J. Crow, A. S. Jones.

ONLY three jury cases have been tried; Frank Stone vs. J. H. Dennis, judgment for defendant; C. Monday vs. Hanley, damages given by jury \$300 and costs. The case of G. W. Lingendier vs. Henry West, &c., also as assault, was on trial yesterday evening. Damages claimed \$5,000.

RELIGION.

The past year has been a remarkable one for the progress of the churches.

Elder W. L. Williams will probably be the Pastor of the Stanford Christian church during this year.

Elder J. L. Allen, of Deoville, will preach at the Christian Church here next Sabbath at 11 o'clock.

THE grand docthor "Praise God from whom all blessings come" is 210 years old. Bishop Ken was the author.

Rev. J. L. Barnes has accepted the Pastoralship of the Baptist Church at Lancaster. He will preach there regularly on the 1st and 3d Sundays, and here on the 2d and 4th.

THE are 4,583,888 Methodists of all classes in the world, of which there are over 3,315,000 in the United States. The membership of the Southern Methodist Church in the United States numbers white 722,342, colored 80,000.

LAND, STOCK AND CROP ITEMS.

Messrs. W. L. Wilthers and Collins tient went South this week with a car load of fine mares.

J. J. Allen, of Casey county, sold a car load of hogs in Cincinnati a few days ago at prices ranging from \$3 to \$40.

THE estimated yield of the corn crop in 1876 is 1,280,000,000 bushels. This is a falling off of 20,000,000 bushels as compared with 1875.

MR. BEN SPALDING, Col. T. P. Hill's son-in-law, has purchased Mrs. Chemain, her farm near Shively, Ky., of 400 acres at \$55 per acre.

PARKS COUNTY.—Cattle sold at Paris last Monday at from \$3 to \$4. Embroke mules \$30 to \$125, and broke at \$100 to \$136. Horses \$25 to \$90.

W. T. TUCKER bought of Mr. Thomas Woods 115 acres of land, on the Lancaster and Danville pike, four miles from the latter place, for \$1 per acre.

MR. A. H. O'NEIL has purchased a house and lot at McKinney's Station for \$500 and has removed thither. We understand he intends running a lark from that Station to this place.

THE stock quotations in Louisville are: Cattle from \$2.50 to \$5.25 not much demand. Hogs dull at from \$3 to \$90 to \$420. Sheep are worth from \$1.00 to \$1.50.

LAST year's absent crop is estimated at three hundred millions of bushels, and is said to be the largest ever grown in the United States. Of this amount one hundred and ten million bushels can be spared for exportation.

MR. J. W. GIVENS has returned from Lexington, Miss., where he disposed of his mules and horses at good prices. There were quite a long time, but says the difference in the prices when he arrived and when he sold paid him well for the stay. The prospects for good prices and trade are bright as the Spring approaches.

COURT.—In the County Court Jacob Monday a committee was appointed to confer with architects and others in regard to report a plan and the probable cost of a suitable building. The Court also made an order petitioning the Legislature for an act authorizing the issue of the bonds of the County to amount of not exceeding \$12,000 to raise means to pay for it. It will be remembered that the present jail was condemned by the Grand Jury at last Circuit Court.

EQUAL TO WOMEN.—We were permitted a short peep the other day at the elegant Trousseau gotten up at the Millinery and Mantua-making Establishment of Mrs. M. E. Davis, Mrs. Myers and Mrs. Duddar, for a bonker's daughter in Morefield, and her blinder maids. There are a profusion of hats, dresses, &c., made to style that will speak credit on any establishment to be found in the land. The goods were purchased of Severance & Duddar, and the whole outfit was such as to make the eyes of most any girl in the world a stare.

BANKS.—The statements of our two National Banks that appear in another column, show those institutions to be in a most thrifty and prosperous condition. Both declared a dividend of 4 per cent on January 1st. The gross earnings of the Farmers National were \$15,055.65, out of which, after paying the dividend and expenses for the last six months, left a sum of \$8,859.19. The same Directors that served last year were re-elected for the present year. The National Bank shows a surplus after paying expenses and dividends during 6 months of \$1,539.77. The following Directors were elected last Tuesday: J. H. Murphy, J. W. Aclon, J. W. McAlister, B. Van Andale, Dr. J. H. Montgomery and H. G. Walker.

THE COURTS.—Monday last was an important County Court and the first day of the Common Pleas Court, but weather was so intensely cold and disagreeable that but few people ventured to town, consequently but little business was transacted in the stock market. The thermometer was 14° below zero at sunrise and with 6 or 8 inches of snow on the ground, the traders wasn't anxious to buy the poor railroads worth from \$1.00 to \$1.50.

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